

**Mount Pleasant Operation  
Monthly Environmental Monitoring Report**

**July 2020**

## 1. Introduction

The Mount Pleasant Operation (MPO) is located in the Upper Hunter Valley of New South Wales, approximately three kilometres (km) north-west of Muswellbrook and approximately 50 km north-west of Singleton. The villages of Aberdeen and Kayuga are located 12 km north-northeast and 3 km north of the operations, respectively.

The purpose of this report is to provide a monthly update of monitoring data in accordance with the requirements of NSW Environmental Protection Licence (EPL) 20850, Section 66(6) of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* (POEO Act) and the MPO Development Approval (DA 92/97).

**Table 1-1 – Mount Pleasant Operation**

<b>Name of Operation</b>	Mount Pleasant Operation
<b>Name of Licensee</b>	MACH Energy Australia Pty Ltd
<b>Environmental Protection Licence</b>	20850
<b>Project Approval</b>	DA 92/97
<b>Reporting Period Start Date</b>	1 July 2020
<b>Reporting Period End Date</b>	31 July 2020
<b>Date All Data Received</b>	4 September 2020

To view MPO EPL 20850 or DA 92/97 in full please refer to the link below:

<https://machenergyaustralia.com.au/mount-pleasant/documentation/>

## 2. Monitoring Requirements

The MPO EPL 20850 specifically requires the monitoring of:

- 2 x Palas Fidas Air Quality Monitoring sites;
- Noise monitoring;
- Blast monitoring; and
- Meteorological monitoring.

Monitoring of sites not required by the EPL are carried out in accordance with MPO Environmental Monitoring Program (EMP) and Project Approval (DA 92/97).

All monitoring is undertaken by suitably qualified and experienced person(s).

The MPO Environmental Monitoring Network is shown in the following figures:

- **Figure 2-1** shows MPO attended noise monitoring assessment groups and monitoring locations;
- **Figure 2-2** shows the MPO air quality monitoring network;
- **Figure 2-3** shows the MPO Blast Monitoring Locations;
- **Figure 2-4** shows the MPO groundwater monitoring network; and
- **Figure 2-5** shows the MPO surface water monitoring network.

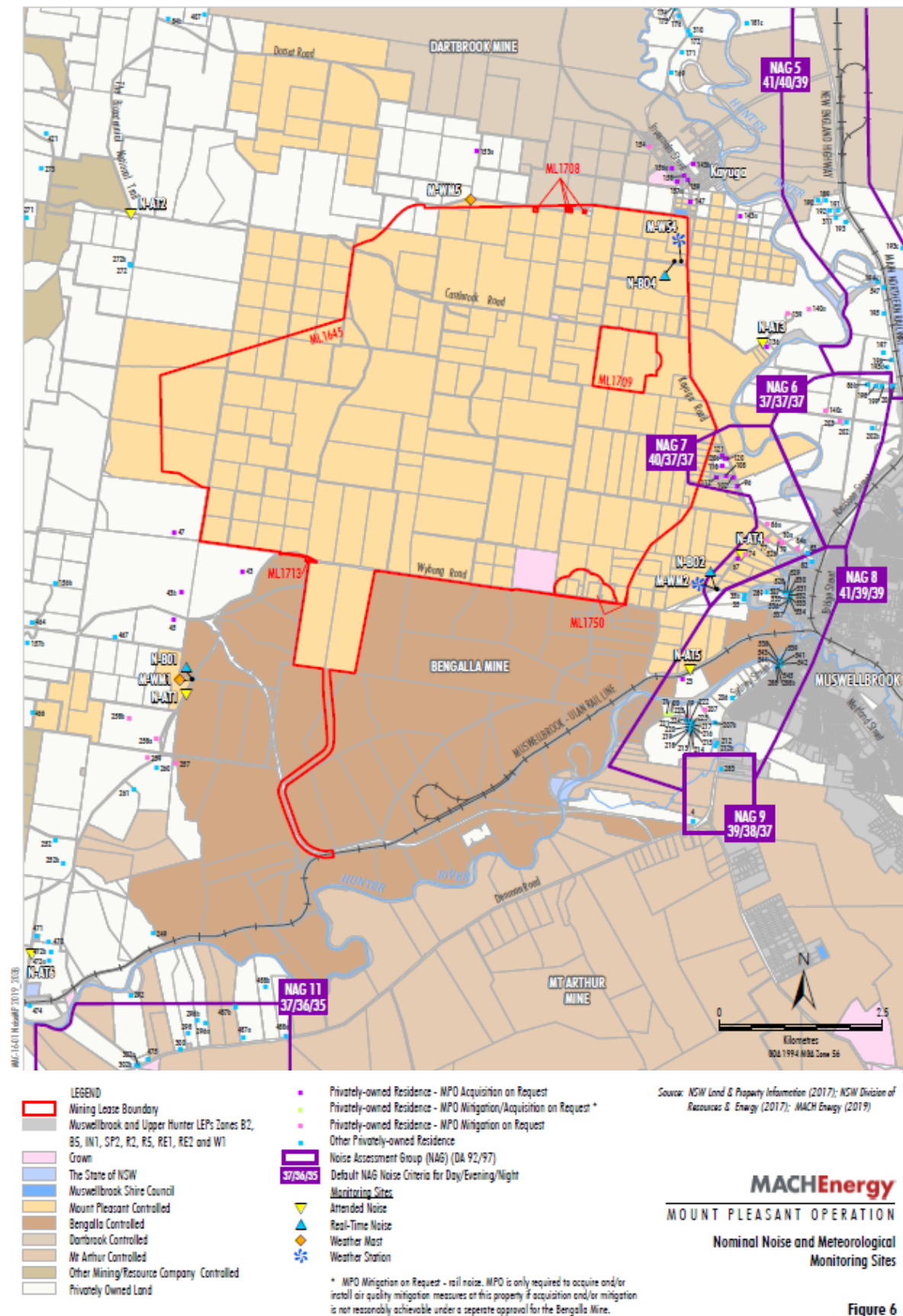


Figure 6

Figure 2-1 – MPO Attended Noise Monitoring Assessment Groups and Locations



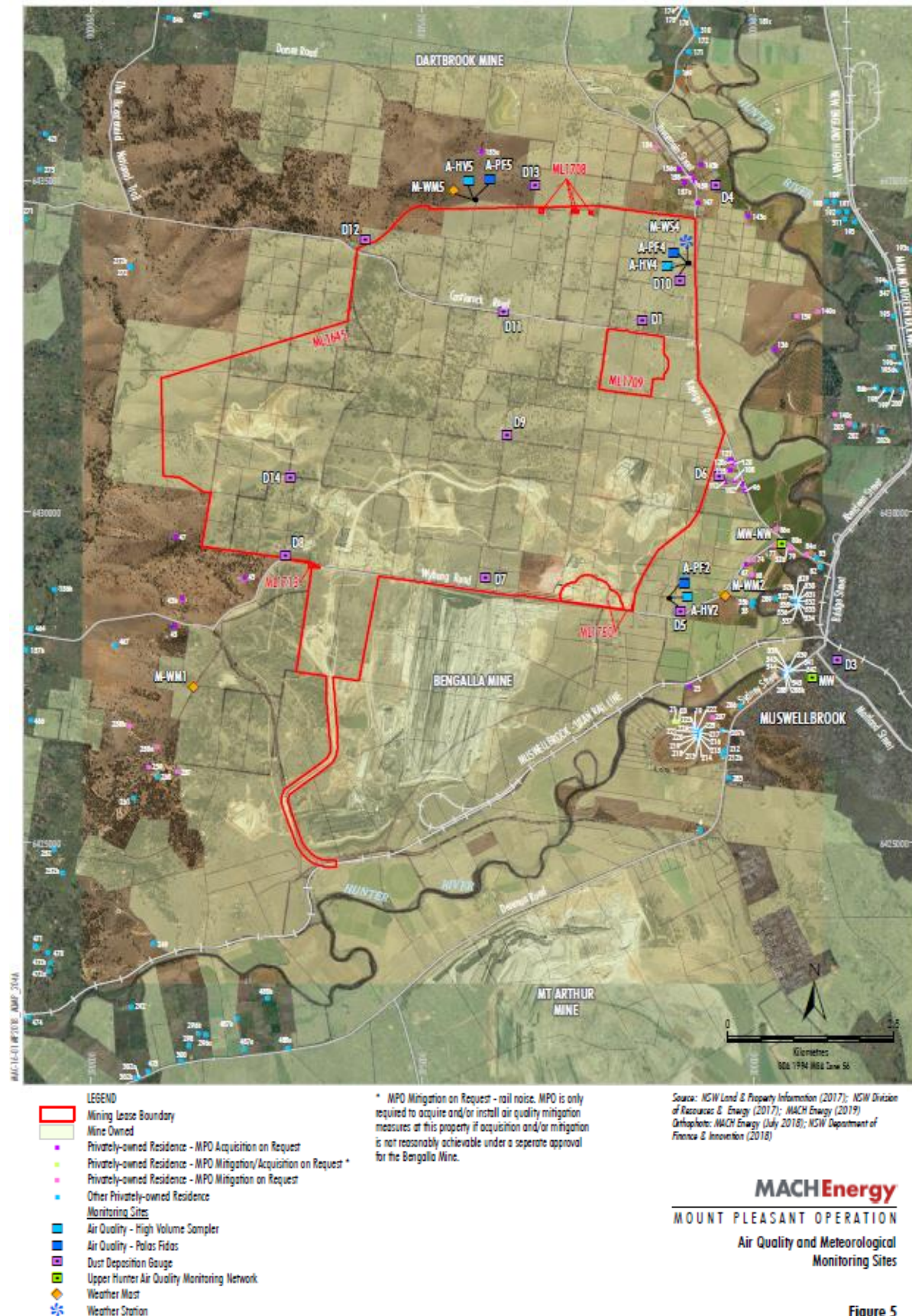


Figure 5

Figure 2-2 – MPO Air Quality and Meteorological Monitoring Network



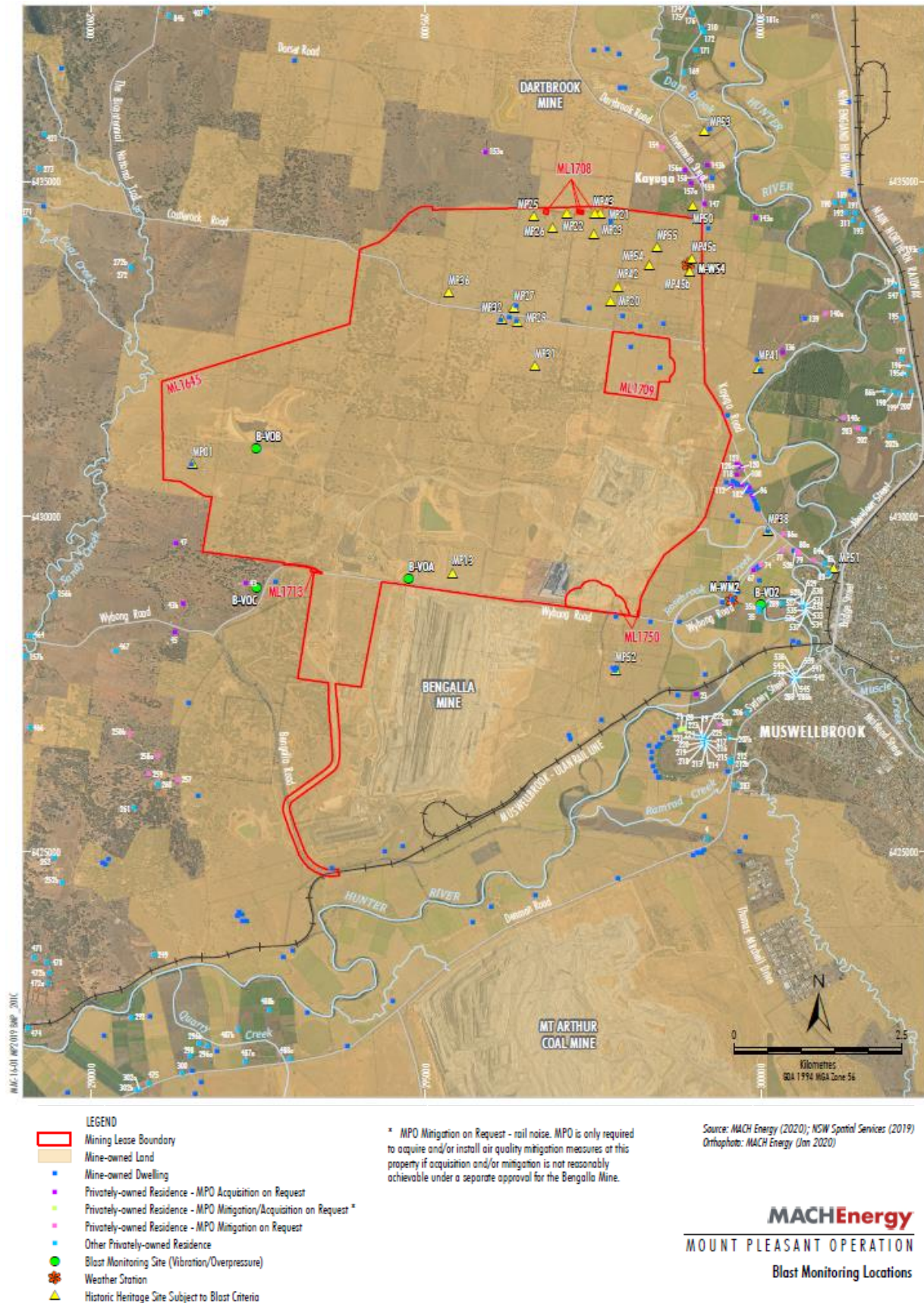


Figure 2-3 – MPO Blast Monitoring Locations

Figure 2



**MACHEnergy**  
MOUNT PLEASANT OPERATION  
Augmentations to the  
Groundwater Monitoring Network

**Figure 2-4 – MPO Groundwater Monitoring Network**





Figure 3

Figure 2-5 – MPO Surface Water Monitoring Network

### 3. Meteorological Monitoring

Weather data is measured continuously at the Kayuga Road (M-WS4) and the Wybong Road (M-WS2) meteorological stations. In addition to air quality parameters, the weather stations measure wind speed and direction, temperature (at 2 m and 10 m), solar radiation, relative humidity, rainfall, atmospheric pressure, and sigma theta.

The majority of meteorological data was captured at M-WS2 (>99.8%) during the July 2020 monitoring period, with the exception of solar radiation data loss (93.1%) and temperature (2m) (84.0%). The majority of meteorological data was captured at M-WS4 (>99.8%) during the July 2020 monitoring period with the exception of solar radiation (96.5%).

Throughout July 2020, there was 84.8mm and 81.4mm of rainfall recorded at M-WS2 and M-WS4, respectively.

### 4. Dust Depositional Monitoring

#### 4.1 Methodology

Dust deposition was monitored according to the OEH's Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales (DECC 2007), which references Australian Standard (AS)/New Zealand Standard (NZS) 3580.10.1:2016 Methods for Sampling and Analysis of Ambient Air: Determination of particulate matter – Deposited matter – Gravimetric Method. The dust deposition monitoring network comprises of 13 dust deposition gauges (DDG). Details of the monitoring locations are shown in **Figure 2-2**.

DDG samples can be contaminated by a variety of means, notably by the presence of insects and bird droppings. Results for contaminated gauges were not included in the calculation of the annual averages as this would result in skewed or misleading results for the purpose of dust deposition assessment. The Australian Standard does not provide criteria for the determination of contamination of a DDG. A gauge sample is determined by AECOM to be contaminated only after reference to field observation sheets, historical monitoring location data, laboratory notes and results, prevailing atmospheric conditions and feedback from field technicians. For example, a gauge sample with a statistically abnormally high insoluble solids result, a low ash residue result (indicating a high level of organic matter) and field notation that bird droppings or insects were present is likely to be considered contaminated.

#### 4.2 Results

The dust deposition exposure period for all gauges commenced on 18 June 2020. Sample collection was undertaken on 20 July 2020 by AECOM with sample analysis performed by SRT, a NATA accredited laboratory. Results are summarised in **Table 4-1**. Annual rolling averages for July 2020 have been provided as an indication of performance between July 2019 – July 2020 and does not represent annual average results for 2020 as per Schedule 3, Condition 20 of DA 92/97.



**Table 4-1: Dust Depositional Results – July 2020**

Location	YTD Insoluble Solids (g/m <sup>2</sup> .month)	Insoluble Solids Annual Rolling Average (g/m <sup>2</sup> .month)
D1	2.8	2.8
D3a	2.6	**
D4	2.7	2.7
D5	3.2	3.4
D6	3.5	<b>6.5</b>
D7a <sup>1</sup>	6.5	<b>6.5</b>
D8	5.3	<b>5.3</b>
D9	4.4	<b>4.3</b>
D10	1.8	1.9
D11	3.9	3.5
D12	2.4	2.4
D13	4.6	<b>4.4</b>
D14	3.7	<b>4.2</b>
Criterion	-	4
Note: Results in <b>bold</b> indicate an elevated measurement of adopted assessment criteria **Indicates result unavailable due to contaminated depositional dust gauges for YTD		

**Note 1:** Site D7a is located within close proximity to the northern boundary of a neighbouring mining company's main pit and thus is heavily influenced by this. This site will continue to be monitored, however will not be used to assess compliance or to represent residential receivers in the area.

\* No data due to dust gauge removed during construction activities

<sup>^</sup> Elevated results due to earthworks in the vicinity of D6 commencing 13 January 2020 which are not subject to DA 92/97 or EPL 20850.

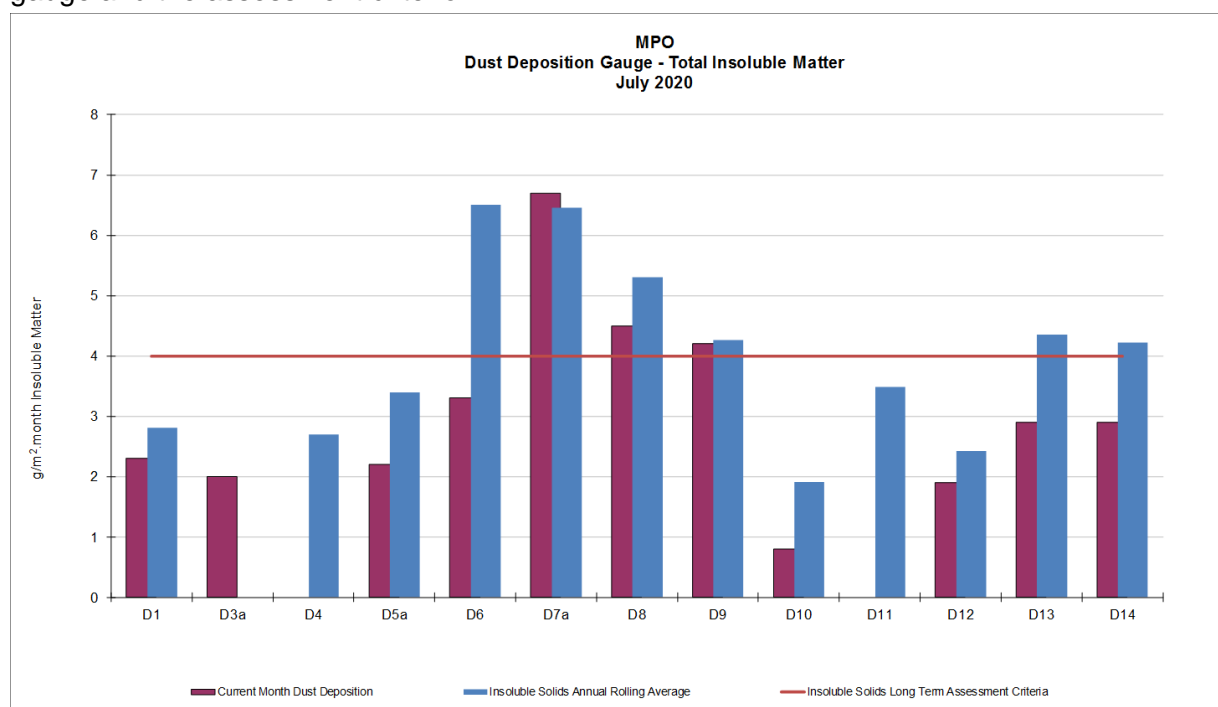
Contaminated results are not included in the 12 month rolling average. An elevated reading above the annual average criterion for dust deposition (insoluble solids) was recorded at site D6 (6.5 g/m<sup>2</sup>.month); D7a (6.5 g/m<sup>2</sup>.month); D8 (5.3 g/m<sup>2</sup>.month); D9 (4.3 g/m<sup>2</sup>.month); D13 (4.4 g/m<sup>2</sup>.month); and D14 (4.2 g/m<sup>2</sup>.month).

Site D7a is located within close proximity to the northern boundary of a neighbouring mining operation and thus can be influenced by this site. D7a will continue to be monitored, however will not be used to assess compliance or to represent residential receivers in the area.

Furthermore, there are no privately-owned receivers in the vicinity of D8 and D14. Whilst these sites do not represent residence(s) on privately-owned land, they will continue to be monitored in accordance with the MPO Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Management Plan (MACH Energy, 2019).

Field notes from the July 2020 sampling event noted that all the gauges contained insects; three gauges contained vegetation; and six gauges contained bird droppings. The results of D11 and D4 were determined to be contaminated and subsequently not included in the annual rolling average.

**Figure 4-1** compares the monthly insoluble solids results to the annual averages for each dust gauge and the assessment criterion.



**Figure 4-1: MPO Dust Deposition Monthly Results and Annual Rolling Average – July 2020**

## 5. Total Suspended Particulates

All High Volume Air Samplers (HVAS) are run for 24 hours every six days in accordance with AM-15 of Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales (DECC, 2007), referencing AS/NZS 3580.9.3:2015 Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air – Determination of suspended particulate matter – Total suspended particulate matter (TSP) - High volume sampler gravimetric method, for the monitoring of TSP.

Three TSP HVAS units are included in the MPO air quality monitoring network and are displayed in **Table 5-1** below. These units were commissioned in March 2017.



**Table 5-1 Total Suspended Particulate Monitoring Sites**

ID	Description
A-PF2	Reilly's
M-WS4	Kayuga Road Met Station
A-PF5	Athlone

## 5.1 Assessment Criteria

TSP is assessed against the guidelines defined in the EPA Approved Methods for the Modelling and Assessment of Air Pollutants in New South Wales (EPA 2016) and Project Approval DA 92/97. The DA 92/97 specifies an annual average project contribution plus background criterion of 90 µg/m<sup>3</sup>.

## 5.2 Results

In July 2020 sample collection was undertaken by AECOM with sample analysis performed by SRT, a NATA accredited laboratory. TSP results for the monitoring period are provided in **Table 5-2**. Annual rolling averages for July 2020 have been provided as an indication of performance between July 2019 – July 2020 and do not represent annual average results for 2020 as per Schedule 3, Condition 20 of DA 92/97.

**Table 5-2 Total Suspended Particulate Monitoring Data – July 2020**

Run Date	Assessment Criterion	TSP µg/m <sup>3</sup>		
		HVAS A-PF2	HVAS M-WS4	HVAS A-PF5
1/07/2020	-	33	13	5
7/07/2020	-	56	31	26
13/07/2020	-	17	11	2
19/07/2020	-	51	16	7
25/07/2020	-	33	30	31
31/07/20	-	30	36	34
Monthly Mean	-	33	13	5
<b>Annual Rolling Average</b>	<b>90</b>	82	56	62

Note: Results in **bold** indicate an elevated reading

## 5.3 Discussion

For the reporting period, the annual rolling average TSP data at all sites was below the annual average criterion of 90 µg/m<sup>3</sup>.

## 6. Real Time Air Quality Monitoring

Continuous particulate matter less than 10 µm (PM<sub>10</sub>) and particulate matter less than 2.5 µm (PM<sub>2.5</sub>) monitoring was conducted by three Palas Fidas (one utilised for management only) units at MPO during July 2020.

The EPA identification numbers 1 and 2 refer to Palas Fidas units installed on Wybong Road (A-PF2) and Dorset Road (A-PF5), respectively. In addition, a third unit (A-PF4) is installed on Kayuga Road with data used for management purposes only.

Real time PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> 12-month rolling averages for July 2020 have been provided in Section 6.2 and 6.4 respectively, as an indication of performance between July 2019 – July 2020 and do not represent annual average results for 2020 as per Schedule 3, Condition 20 of DA 92/97.

### 6.1 PM<sub>10</sub> Results – 24 hour rolling average

There were no elevated PM<sub>10</sub> measurements reported at MPO throughout July 2020. The Muswellbrook NW monitor was operational during all days of July 2020. Real time PM<sub>10</sub> 24 hour rolling average results for July 2020 are presented in **Table 6-1**.

**Table 6-1: MPO Palas Fidas PM<sub>10</sub> Data – July 2020**

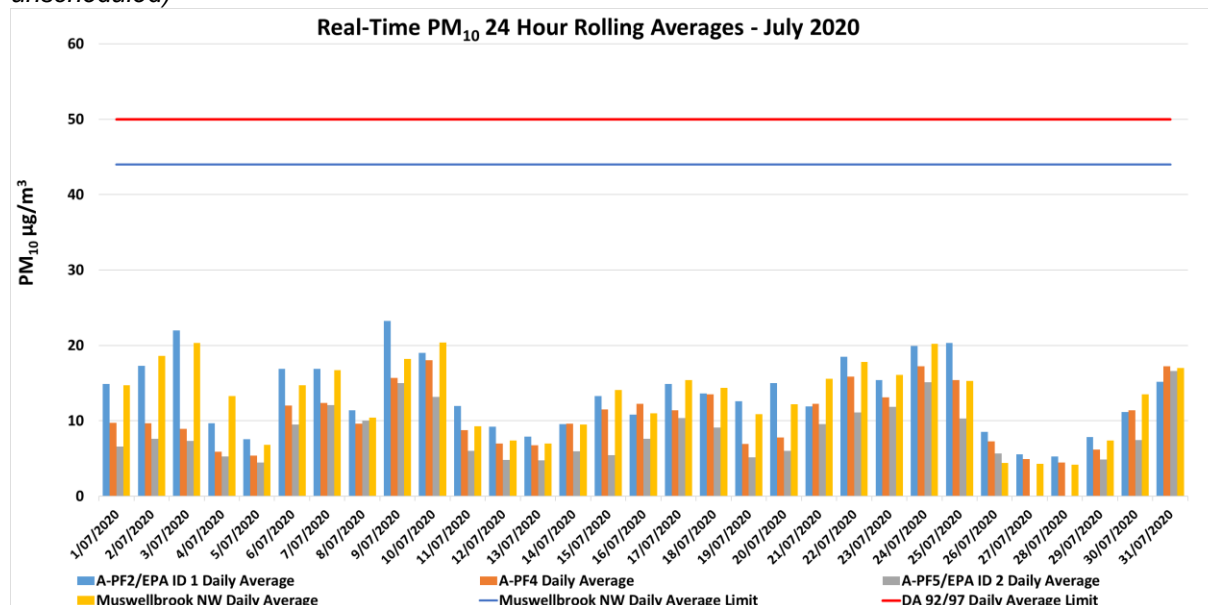
Date	A-PF2/EPA ID 1	A-PF4	A-PF5/EPA ID 2	Muswellbrook NW	Muswellbrook NW 24 Hour Average Limit (µg/m³)	A-PF2, A-PF4, A-PF5 24 Hour Average Limit (µg/m³)
	24 hour Average Result					
1/07/2020	15	10	7	15	44	50
2/07/2020	17	10	8	19	44	50
3/07/2020	22	9	7	20	44	50
4/07/2020	10	6	5	13	44	50
5/07/2020	8	5	4	7	44	50
6/07/2020	17	12	9	15	44	50
7/07/2020	17	12	12	17	44	50
8/07/2020	11	10	10	10	44	50
9/07/2020	23	16	15	18	44	50
10/07/2020	19	18	13	20	44	50
11/07/2020	12	9	6	9	44	50
12/07/2020	9	7	5	7	44	50
13/07/2020	8	7	5	7	44	50
14/07/2020	10	10	6	10	44	50
15/07/2020	13	11	5	14	44	50
16/07/2020	11	12	8	11	44	50
17/07/2020	15	11	10	15	44	50
18/07/2020	14	14	9	14	44	50
19/07/2020	13	7	5	11	44	50
20/07/2020	15	8	6	12	44	50
21/07/2020	12	12	10	16	44	50
22/07/2020	18	16	11	18	44	50
23/07/2020	15	13	12	16	44	50
24/07/2020	20	17	15	20	44	50



25/07/2020	20	15	10	15	44	50
26/07/2020	9	7	6	4	44	50
27/07/2020	6	5	-	4	44	50
28/07/2020	5	4	-	4	44	50
29/07/2020	8	6	5	7	44	50
30/07/2020	11	11	7	14	44	50
31/07/2020	15	17	17	17	44	50

**Note:** Results in bold indicate elevated readings during adverse weather conditions.

Results with “-” indicate dates where data was affected by maintenance or servicing (scheduled and unscheduled)



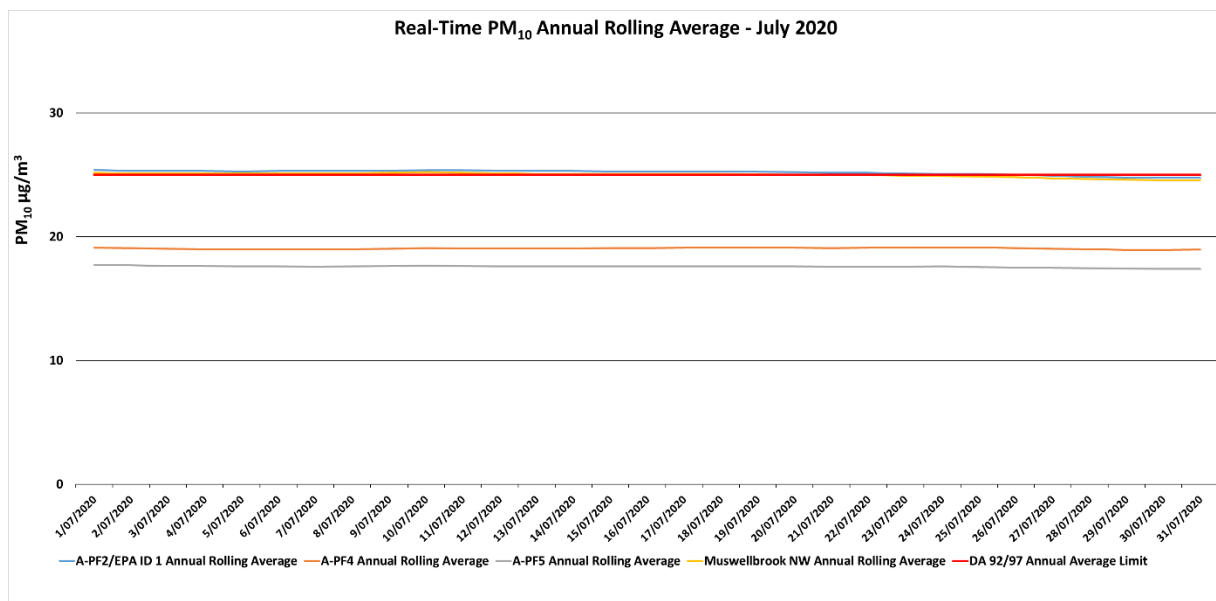
**Figure 6-1** below shows the results of real-time PM<sub>10</sub> 24 hour rolling average results at MPO air quality monitoring sites July 2020.

**Figure 6-1: Real-time PM<sub>10</sub> 24 hour rolling average results for July 2020.**

## 6.2 PM<sub>10</sub> Results – Annual rolling average

Elevated readings have been measured for the annual rolling average of PM<sub>10</sub> data collected since the amendment of the limit from 30 µg/m³ to 25 µg/m³ during approval of Modification 3 (MOD 3) of DA 92/97, dated 24 August 2018. Wider regional air quality events, including dust storms and bushfires, have contributed to elevated PM<sub>10</sub> levels.

Real time PM<sub>10</sub> annual rolling averages for July 2020 are presented in **Figure 6-2** below.



**Figure 6-2: Real-time PM<sub>10</sub> Annual Rolling average results for July 2020.**

### 6.3 PM<sub>2.5</sub> Results – 24 hour rolling average

There were no elevated PM<sub>2.5</sub> measurements reported throughout July 2020. Real time PM<sub>2.5</sub> 24 hour rolling average results for July 2020 are presented in **Table 6-2**.

**Table 6-2: MPO Palas Fidas PM<sub>2.5</sub> Data – July 2020**

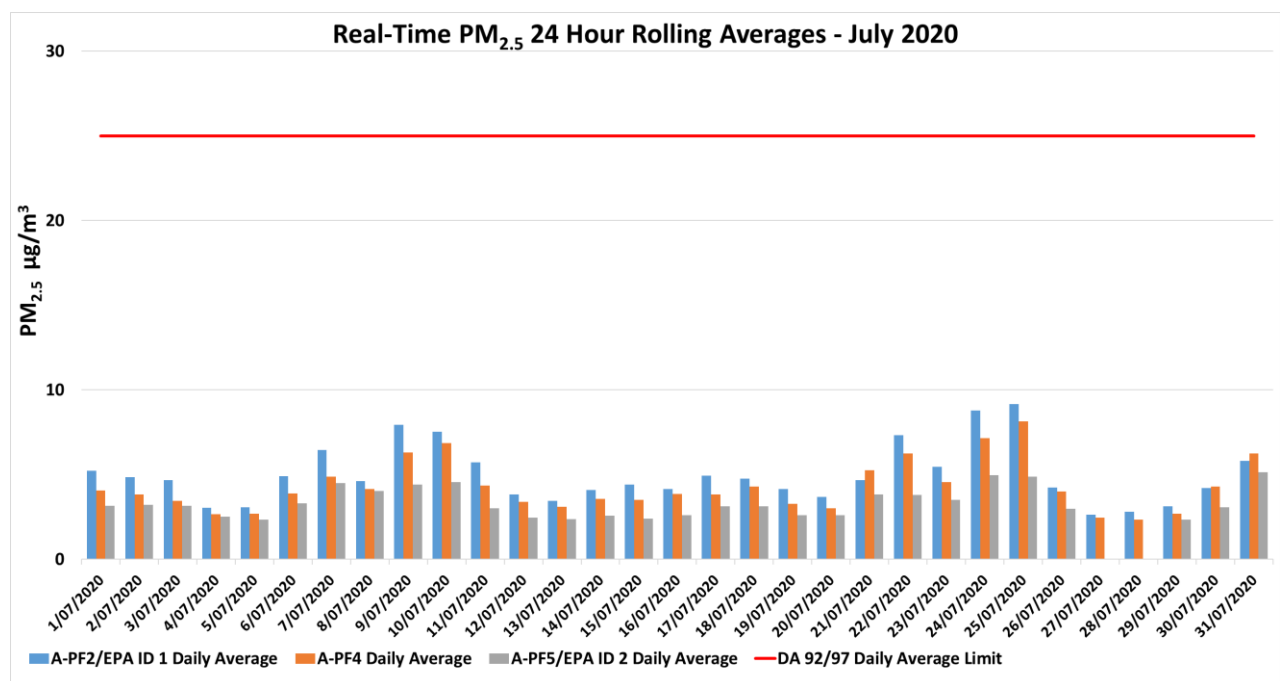
Date	A-PF2/EPA ID 1	A-PF4	A-PF5/EPA ID 2	A-PF2, A-PF4, A-PF5 24 Hour Average Limit (µg/m³)
	24 hour Average Result			
1/07/2020	5	4	3	25
2/07/2020	5	4	3	25
3/07/2020	5	3	3	25
4/07/2020	3	3	3	25
5/07/2020	3	3	2	25
6/07/2020	5	4	3	25
7/07/2020	6	5	5	25
8/07/2020	5	4	4	25
9/07/2020	8	6	4	25
10/07/2020	8	7	5	25
11/07/2020	6	4	3	25
12/07/2020	4	3	2	25
13/07/2020	3	3	2	25
14/07/2020	4	4	3	25
15/07/2020	4	4	2	25
16/07/2020	4	4	3	25
17/07/2020	5	4	3	25
18/07/2020	5	4	3	25
19/07/2020	4	3	3	25
20/07/2020	4	3	3	25



21/07/2020	5	5	4	25
22/07/2020	7	6	4	25
23/07/2020	5	5	4	25
24/07/2020	9	7	5	25
25/07/2020	9	8	5	25
26/07/2020	4	4	3	25
27/07/2020	3	2	-	25
28/07/2020	3	2	-	25
29/07/2020	3	3	2	25
30/07/2020	4	4	3	25
31/07/2020	6	6	5	25

**Note:** Results in **bold** indicate elevated readings during adverse weather conditions. Results with “-” indicate dates where data was affected by maintenance or servicing (scheduled and unscheduled)

Real time PM<sub>2.5</sub> 24 hour average results for July 2020 are presented in **Figure 6-3** below.



**Figure 6-3: Real-time PM<sub>2.5</sub> 24 hour rolling average results for July 2020.**

## 6.4 PM<sub>2.5</sub> Results - Annual rolling average

The requirement of the annual rolling average of PM<sub>2.5</sub> data was inceptioned during MOD 3 of DA 92/97, dated 24 August 2018. Elevated readings have been measured for the annual rolling average of PM<sub>2.5</sub> data collected during July 2020. Wider regional air quality events, including dust storms and bushfires in late 2019, have contributed to elevated rolling PM<sub>2.5</sub> average levels.

Real time PM<sub>2.5</sub> annual rolling averages for July 2020 are presented in **Figure 6-4** below.

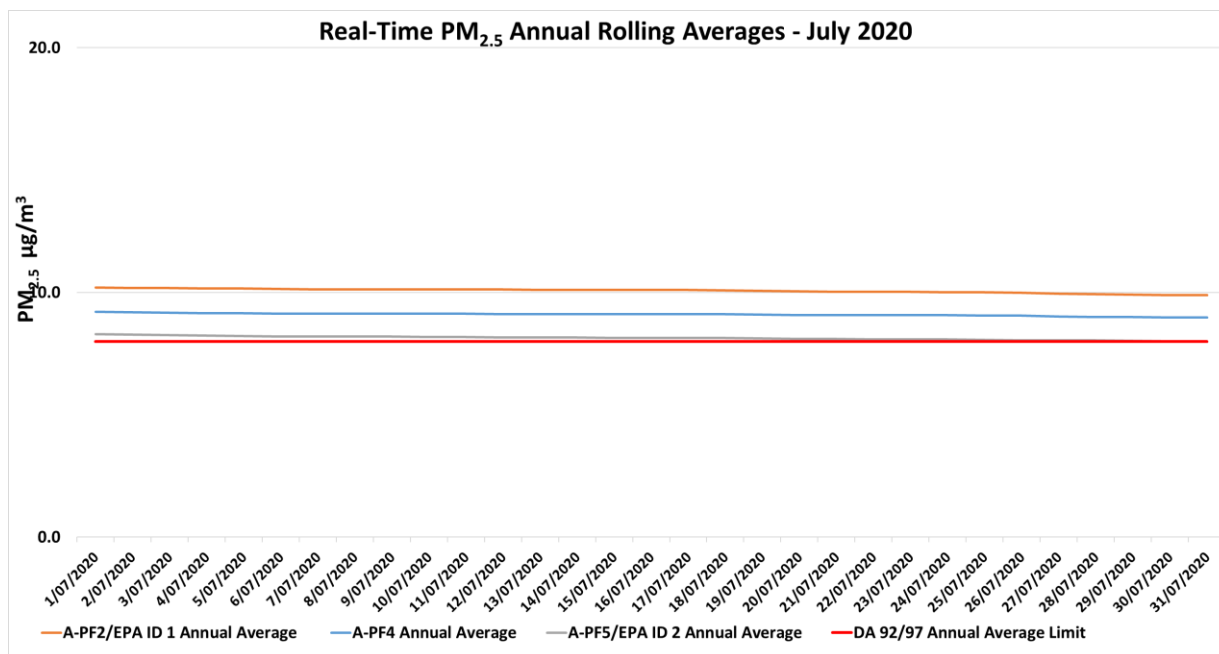


Figure 6-4: Real-time PM<sub>2.5</sub> Annual Rolling average results for July 2020.

## 7. Surface Water Monitoring

### 7.1 Methodology

Surface water quality is monitored at 15 sites on a monthly basis, with additional monitoring conducted if triggered by a rain event. A comprehensive suite of analysis is performed at these sites on a quarterly basis.

### 7.2 Assessment Criteria

Surface waters were assessed as per the MPO Water Management Plan (MACH Energy, 2019) in accordance with site specific trigger values that have been developed using the ANZECC (2000) guidelines for sites that contain a minimum of two years of monthly data. Sites with insufficient data are assessed on default trigger values adopted from ANZECC (2000) guidelines.

### 7.3 Results

Monthly and rain event surface water monitoring was conducted by AECOM on 27 July 2020. Laboratory analysis was performed by SRT and SGS, both NATA accredited laboratories. Monthly monitoring results for pH, EC, TSS and TDS are presented in **Table 7-1**.

**Table 7-1 – MPO Monthly Surface Water Monitoring Results – 27 July 2020**

Station	pH	Electrical Conductivity (EC) (µs/cm) <sup>1</sup>	Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) (mg/L)
W1	7.9	480	20	268
W2	^	^	^	^
W3	7.7	660	34	386
W4	7.5	1000	14	536
W5	*	*	*	*
W6A	7.9	<b>510</b>	17	288
W7	^	^	^	^
W9	*	*	*	*
W11	^	^	^	^
W12	7.4	140	25	156**
W13	7.3	80	59	74***
W14	*	*	*	*
W15	7.9	600	66	342
W16	7.4	80	1410	74***
W17	7.7	<b>660</b>	<b>56</b>	356

**Note:** Results in **bold** indicate elevated reading of adopted assessment criteria.

\*Dry or insufficient water to sample.

\*\* TDS result calculated due to high TSS containing colloidal clay particles which have interfered with the Laboratory TDS result.

^ Indicates no safe access due to wet weather conditions

<sup>1</sup> Results have been rounded in accordance with the In-house method Q4AN(EV)-332-WI3 (pH) and In-house method Q4AN(EV)-332-WI2 (EC).

\*\*\* Calculated result due to interference from colloidal material interfering with laboratory result.

Six of the fifteen monitoring locations were found to be dry or were not safely accessible on 27 July 2020. All sites sampled were below or inside the trigger level values with the exception of W17 and W6A. An investigation into the elevated measurement will be triggered if this occurs for three consecutive sampling events in accordance MPO Water Management Plan (MACH Energy, 2019).

## 8. Groundwater Monitoring

Quarterly groundwater monitoring was not undertaken in July 2020. The next full quarterly sampling event is scheduled for August 2020.



## 9. Noise Monitoring

Attended noise monitoring was undertaken during the night period of 20 July 2020 at 6 monitoring locations as per the MPO Noise Management Plan (MACH Energy, 2019) in accordance with DA 92/97 and EPL 20850.

### 9.1 Results

The results for night time attended noise monitoring for noise generated by MPO in July 2020 against noise criteria is shown in **Table 9-1**; **Table 9-2**; and **Table 9-3**.

**Table 9-1 –  $L_{A1,1min}$  Generated by MPO: Attended Night Monitoring – 20 July 2020**

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s	Stability Class	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies <sup>1</sup>	MPO Only $L_{A1,1min}$ dB <sup>2,4</sup>	Exceedance dB <sup>3,4</sup>
N-AT1	20/07/20 23:48	1.7	E	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N-AT2	20/07/20 22:05	1.4	D	45	Yes	35	Nil
N-AT3	20/07/20 23:16	1.9	D	45	Yes	51	6
N-AT3	20/07/20 23:43	1.9	D	45	Yes	51	6
N-AT4	20/07/20 01:00	1.3	D	45	Yes	40	Nil
N-AT5	20/07/20 22:52	1.7	D	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N-AT6	20/07/20 22:44	2.4	F	45	No	IA	NA

Notes:

- As per Condition L2.3 of EPL 20850, noise emission limits do not apply during wind speeds greater than 3m/s at 10m above ground level, or stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2m/s at 10m above ground level, or stability category G temperature inversion conditions;
- Estimated or measured  $L_{A1,1minute}$  attributed to MPO;
- NA in exceedance column means meteorological conditions outside those specified in Condition L2.3 of EPL 20850 and thus criterion is not applicable; and
- Bold results indicate exceedance of criteria.

**Table 9-2 –  $L_{Aeq,15min}$  Generated by MPO: Attended Night Monitoring – 20 July 2020**

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s	Stability Class	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies <sup>1</sup>	MPO Only $L_{Aeq}$ dB <sup>2,4</sup>	Exceedance dB <sup>3,4</sup>
N-AT1	20/07/20 23:48	1.7	E	43	Yes	IA	Nil
N-AT2	20/07/20 22:05	1.4	D	36	Yes	29	Nil
N-AT3	20/07/20 23:16	1.9	D	41	Yes	41	Nil
N-AT3	20/07/20 23:43	1.9	D	41	Yes	44	3

N-AT4	20/07/20 01:00	1.3	D	42	Yes	33	Nil
N-AT5	20/07/20 22:52	1.7	D	40	Yes	IA	Nil
N-AT6	20/07/20 22:44	2.4	F	35	No	IA	NA

**Notes:**

1. As per Condition L2.3 of EPL 20850, noise emission limits do not apply during wind speeds greater than 3m/s at 10m above ground level, or stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2m/s at 10m above ground level, or stability category G temperature inversion conditions;
2. Estimated or measured  $L_{Aeq,15minute}$  attributed to MPO;
3. NA in exceedance column means meteorological conditions outside those specified in Condition L2.3 of EPL 20850 and thus criterion is not applicable; and
4. Bold results indicate exceedance of criteria.

**Table 9-3 –  $L_{Aeq,period}$  Cumulative Noise: Attended Night Monitoring – 20 July 2020**

Location	Start Date and Time	Cumulative Noise Criterion $L_{Aeq}$ dB	Measured Mining Only $L_{Aeq,period}$ dB <sup>1,2</sup>	Exceedance dB
N-AT1	20/07/20 23:48	40	Nil	Nil
N-AT2	20/07/20 22:05	40	Nil	NA
N-AT3	20/07/20 23:16	40	Nil	Nil
N-AT3	20/07/20 23:43	40	Nil	Nil
N-AT4	20/07/20 01:00	40	39	Nil
N-AT5	20/07/20 22:52	40	Nil	Nil
N-AT6	20/07/20 22:44	40	Nil	Nil

**Notes:**

1. These are the results for MPO and all other mining sources. 15-minute measurements have been assumed to apply across the entire night period as a conservative measure and to represent “worst case” results; and
2. By definition, cumulative noise refers to two or more noise sources. If only one other source of mining is audible, or if MPO is inaudible, the measured cumulative noise defined here is ‘Nil’.

The purpose of the noise monitoring is to quantify and describe the existing acoustic environment around the mining operation and compare results with relevant limits as per the MPO Noise Management Plan (MACH Energy, 2019). Noise levels from MPO complied with noise limits at all monitoring locations during the July 2020 monitoring period, with the exception of noise samples taken from N-AT3. These elevated measurements are part of an ongoing investigation.

## 10. Blast Monitoring

There were 6 blast events during July (a total of 44 blasts YTD). Results for July 2020 are presented in **Table 10-1**. All blast results during the July 2020 monitoring period were below the criteria in Schedule 3, Condition 10 of DA 92/97 and EPL 20850 and thus the MPO remains compliant in 2020 YTD.

**Table 10-1 – MPO Blast Monitoring Results – July 2020**

Day & Date Fired	Time Fired	Vibration (mm/s) BVOA	Overpressure (dBL) BVOA	Vibration (mm/s) BVOC	Overpressure (dBL) BVOC	Vibration (mm/s) BVO2	Overpressure (dBL) BVO2	Blast Fume Compliant
Thursday 2/07/2020	09:11	0.190	98.7	0.200	92.3	0.550	105.	Y
Tuesday 7/07/2020	13:48	0.020	87	0.010	80.5	0.010	85.9	Y
Wednesday 8/07/2020	13:00	0.650	103.6	0.400	94.7	0.840	103.6	Y
Saturday 11/06/2020	14:15	0.430	102	0.530	93.3	0.420	102.1	Y
Thursday 16/07/2020	13:07	1.070	97.9	0.360	91.1	0.770	107.2	Y
Thursday 23/07/2020	13:07	0.940	100.7	0.460	95.3	0.910	100.5	Y