

Mount Pleasant Operation Monthly Environmental Monitoring Report

June 2024



1. Introduction

The Mount Pleasant Operation (MPO) is located within Upper Hunter Valley of New South Wales, approximately three kilometres (km) north-west of Muswellbrook and approximately 50 km north-west of Singleton. The villages of Aberdeen and Kayuga are located 12 km north-northeast and 3 km north of the operations, respectively.

The purpose of this report is to provide a monthly update of monitoring data in accordance with the requirements of NSW Environmental Protection Licence (EPL) 20850, Section 66(6) of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (POEO Act)*, the MPO Development Approval (DA 92/97) and the MPO Development Consent (SSD 10418).

Table 1-1 – Mount Pleasant Operation

Name of Operation	Mount Pleasant Operation		
Name of Licensee	MACH Energy Australia Pty Ltd		
Environmental Protection Licence	20850		
Project Approval	DA 92/97		
Reporting Period Start Date	1 June 2024		
Reporting Period End Date	30 June 2024		
Date All Data Received	30 July 2024		

Links to three key regulatory documents are provided here:

- MACH Energy Environment Protection Licence EPL 20850; and
- Mount Pleasant Operation Development Application Approval DA 92/97; and
- Mount Pleasant Operation Development Consent SSD 10418.

2. Monitoring Requirements

The MPO EPL 20850 specifically requires the monitoring of:

- 2 x Palas Fidas Air Quality Monitoring sites.
- Noise monitoring.
- Blast monitoring; and
- Meteorological monitoring.

Monitoring of sites not required by the EPL are conducted in accordance with *MPO Environmental Monitoring Program* (*EMP*), Project Approval (DA 92/97) and Development Consent (SSD 10418).

All monitoring is undertaken by suitably qualified and experienced person(s). The MPO Environmental Monitoring Network is shown in the following figures:

- Figure 2-1 shows MPO attended noise monitoring locations and Noise Assessment Groups (NAGs).
- Figure 2-2 shows the MPO Air Quality Monitoring network.
- Figure 2-3 shows the MPO Blast Monitoring Locations.
- Figure 2-4 shows the MPO Groundwater Monitoring network (SSD Approved); and
- Figure 2-5 shows the MPO Surface Water Monitoring network (SSD Approved).

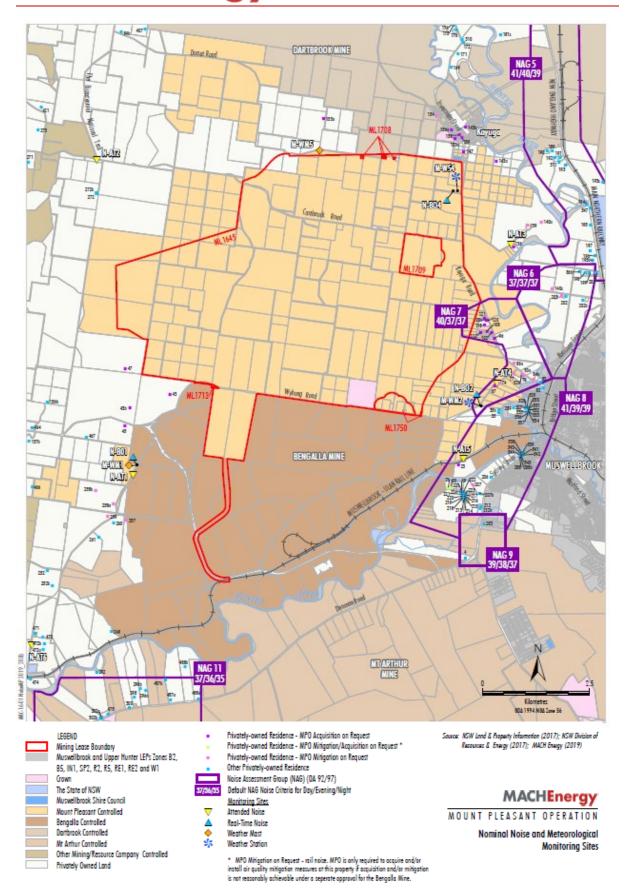


Figure 2-1 – MPO Attended Noise Monitoring Assessment Groups and Locations

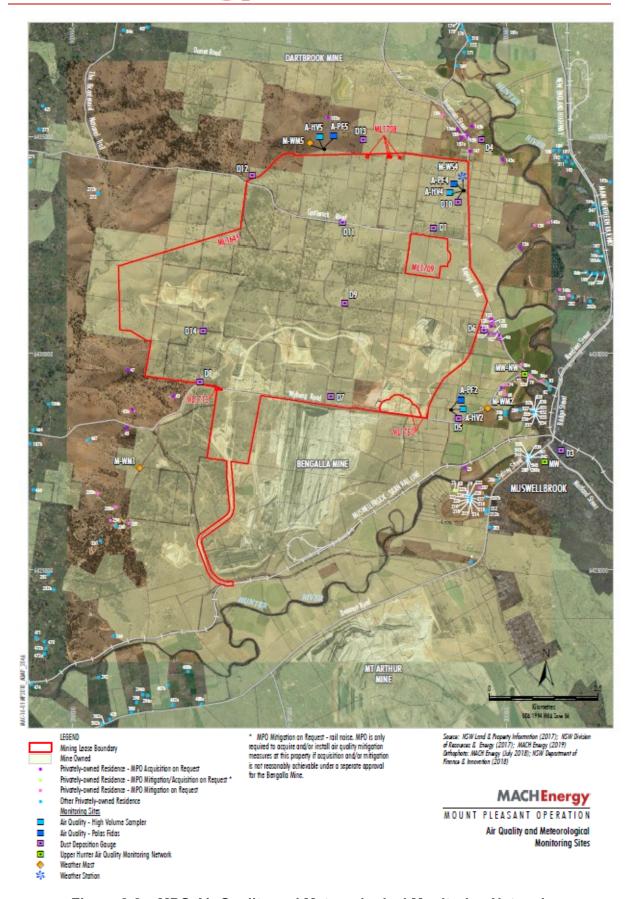


Figure 2-2 – MPO Air Quality and Meteorological Monitoring Network

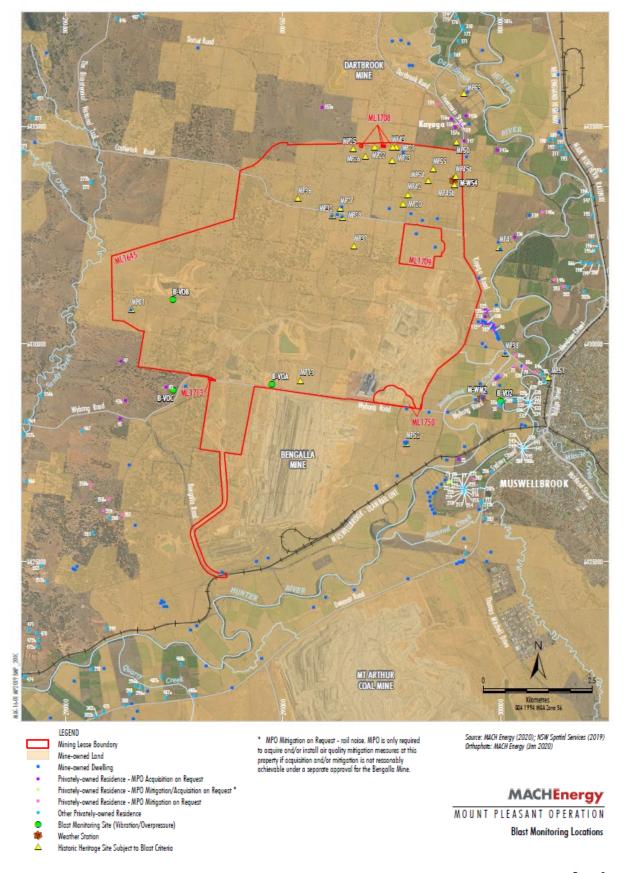


Figure 2-3 – MPO Blast Monitoring Locations

Figure 2

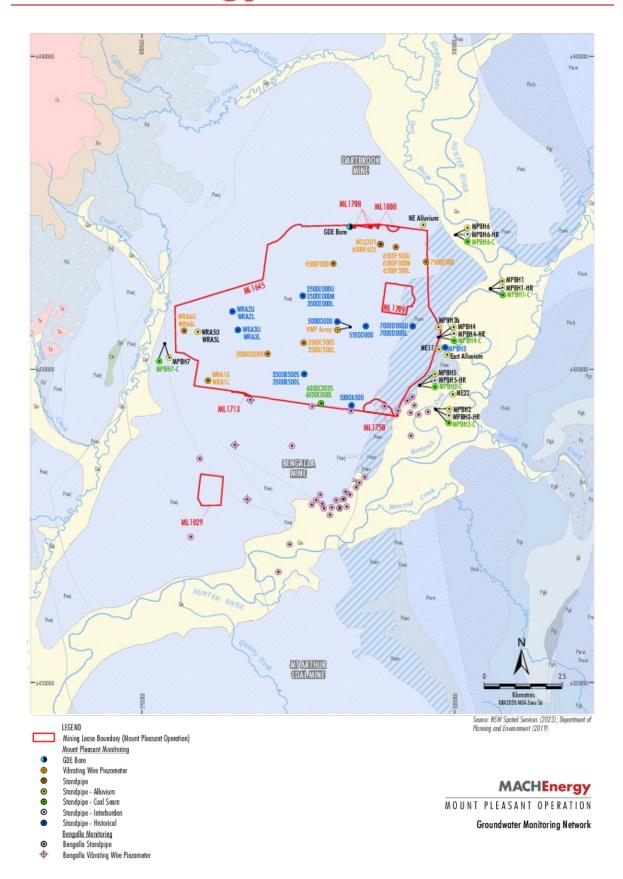


Figure 2-4 – MPO Groundwater Monitoring Network

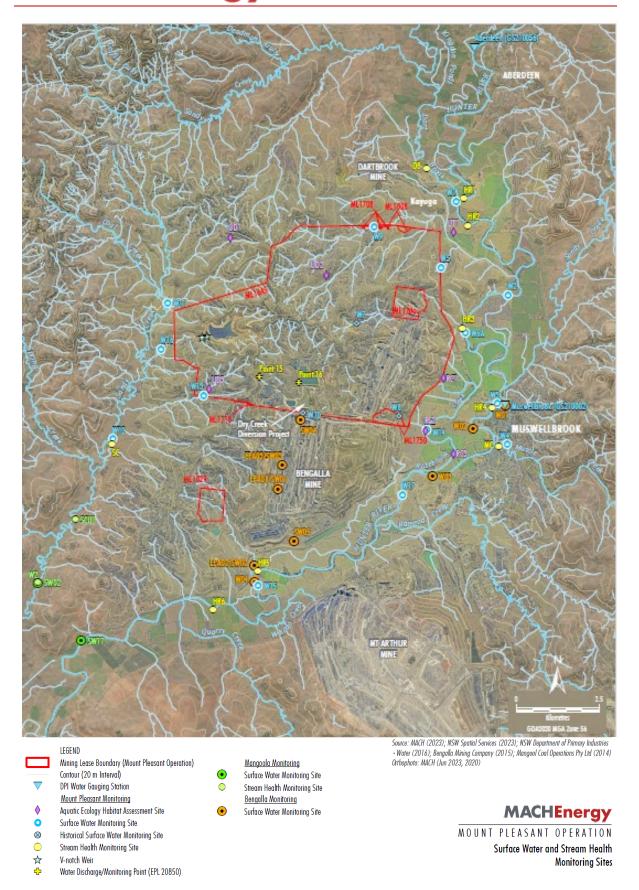


Figure 2-5 - MPO Surface Water Monitoring Network



3. Meteorological Monitoring

Weather data is measured continuously at the Kayuga Road (M-WS4) and the Wybong Road (M-WS2) meteorological stations. In addition to air quality parameters (PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$), the weather stations measure wind speed and direction, temperature (at 2 metres (m) and 10m), temperature inversion (using the sigma theta method), solar radiation, relative humidity, rainfall, and atmospheric pressure.

Most meteorological data was captured at M-WS4 (>98.6%) during June 2024 (the monitoring period).

Throughout June 2024, there was 84.0mm and 79.2mm of rainfall recorded at M-WS2 and M-WS4, respectively.

4. Dust Depositional Monitoring

4.1 Methodology

Dust deposition was monitored according to the OEH's Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales (DECC 2007), which references Australian Standard (AS)/New Zealand Standard (NZS) 3580.10.1:2016 Methods for Sampling and Analysis of Ambient Air: Determination of particulate matter – Deposited matter – Gravimetric Method. The dust deposition monitoring network comprises of 13 dust deposition gauges (DDG). Details of the monitoring locations are shown in **Figure 2-2**.

DDG samples can be contaminated by a variety of means, notably by the presence of insects and bird droppings. Results for contaminated gauges were not included in the calculation of the annual averages as this would result in skewed or misleading results for the purpose of dust deposition assessment. The Australian Standard does not provide criteria for the determination of contamination of a DDG. AECOM determines a gauge sample to be contaminated only after reference to field observation sheets, historical monitoring location data, laboratory notes and results, prevailing atmospheric conditions, and feedback from field technicians. For example, a gauge sample with a statistically abnormally high insoluble solids result, a low ash residue result (indicating an elevated level of organic matter) and field notation that bird droppings or insects were present is likely to be considered contaminated.

While the new SSD 10418 doesn't explicitly mention dust deposition gauges, there's a notable shift in regulations towards embracing high volume air sampler results and continuous air quality monitoring programs, with a specific focus on total particulate matter, PM10, and PM2.5. These modern monitoring techniques offer a more comprehensive approach to environmental surveillance, furnishing real-time data and insights into air quality conditions. By harnessing these advanced methods, MPO can ensure the implementation of robust monitoring practices, effectively supplanting the older dust deposition gauges. This transition from the previous development consent DA92/97 (which is yet to be surrendered due date as of June 2025) to SSD 10418 signifies a proactive measure towards upholding environmental compliance. Therefore, Dust Depositional Monitoring will continue to be included in monthly reporting as per DA92/97 up until surrender where it will be discontinued.



4.2 Results

The dust deposition exposure period for gauges commenced on 30th of May 2024. Sample collection was undertaken on 27 June 2024 by AECOM with sample analysis performed by ALS, a National Accreditation and Testing Authority (NATA) accredited laboratory. Results are summarised in **Table 4-1**. Annual rolling averages for June 2024 have been provided as an indication of performance between June 2023 – June 2024 and does not represent annual average results for 2024 as per Schedule 3, Condition 20 of DA 92/97 and Schedule 2, Condition B28 of SSD 10418.

Table 4-1: Dust Depositional Results – June 2024

Location	YTD Insoluble Solids (g/m².month)	Insoluble Solids Annual Rolling Average (g/m².month)
D1	2.2	2.0
D3	1.2	1.6
D4	1.3	1.3
D5a	1.9	2.4
D6	1.7	2.3
D7b	10.7	10.4
D8	5.1	4.7
D9a	4.2	4.0
D10	1.1	1.2
D11	3.7	3.5
D12	1.1	1.0
D13	1.5	1.3
D14	2.9	3.1
Criterion	-	4

Notes:

Results in **bold** indicate an elevated measurement of adopted assessment criteria.

Contaminated results, as described in Section 4.1, are not included in the 12-month rolling average. Site D7b is located within close proximity to the northern boundary of a neighbouring mining operation and thus can be influenced by this site. D7b will continue to be monitored, however will not be used to assess compliance or to represent residential receivers in the area. Furthermore, there are no privately-owned receivers in the vicinity of D8, D9 and D14. Whilst these sites do not represent residence(s) on privately-owned land, they will continue to be monitored in accordance with the MPO Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Management Plan (MACH Energy, 2019).

^{*} Insufficient monthly results to calculate annual average

Field notes from the June sampling event noted that all the gauges contained insects and three contained vegetation. All June 2024 insoluble solid results were included in the annual rolling average calculations. All sites were below the annual average criteria except D7b and D8 (see paragraph above). All other June 2024 insoluble solid results were included in the annual rolling average calculations. It was also noted bats were nesting within 10 metres of D3a.

Figure 4-1 compares the monthly insoluble solids results to the annual averages for each dust gauge and the assessment criterion.

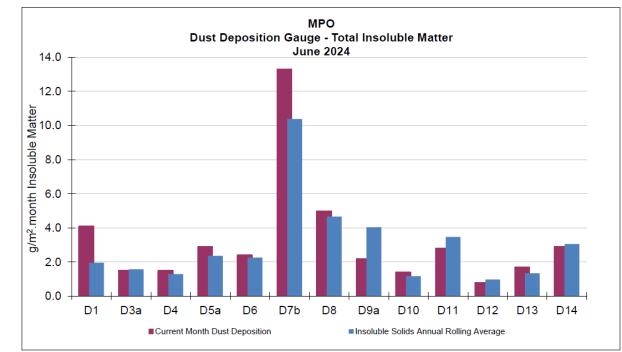


Figure 4-1: MPO Dust Deposition Monthly Results and Annual Rolling Average – June 2024

5. Total Suspended Particulates

All High-Volume Air Samplers (HVAS) are run for 24 hours every six days in accordance with AM-15 of Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales (DECC, 2007), referencing AS/NZS 3580.9.3:2015 Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air – Determination of suspended particulate matter – Total suspended particulate matter (TSP) - High volume sampler gravimetric method, for the monitoring of TSP.

Three TSP HVAS units are included in the MPO air quality monitoring network and are displayed in **Table 5-1** below. These units were commissioned in March 2017.



Table 5-1 Total Suspended Particulate Monitoring Sites

ID	Description
A-PF2	Reilly's
M-WS4	Kayuga Road Met Station
A-PF5	Athlone

5.1 Assessment Criteria

TSP is assessed against the guidelines defined in the *EPA Approved Methods for the Modelling and Assessment of Air Pollutants in New South Wales* (EPA 2016), Project Approval DA 92/97 and Development Consent SSD 10418. The DA 92/97 and SSD 10418 both specify an annual average project contribution plus background criterion of 90 µg/m³.

5.2 Results

Sample collection was undertaken by AECOM with sample analysis performed by ALS, a NATA accredited laboratory. TSP results for the monitoring period are provided in **Table 5-2**. Annual rolling averages for June 2024 have been provided as an indication of performance between June 2023 – June 2024 and do not represent annual average results for 2024 as per Schedule 3, Condition 20 of DA 92/97 and Schedule 2, Condition B28 of SSD 10418.

Table 5-2 Total Suspended Particulate Monitoring Data – June 2024

	Assessment	TSP μg/m³				
Run Date	Criterion	HVAS A- PF2	HVAS A-PF5	HVAS M-WS4		
4/06/2024	-	19.1	<0.1	3.8		
10/06/2024	-	20.7	7.3	11.2		
16/06/2024	-	47.4	4.8	12.8		
22/06/2024	-	24.1	33.8	22.2		
28/06/2024	-	39.9	28.5	29.3		
*Monthly Mean	-	30.2	18.6	15.9		
Annual Rolling Average	90	52	54	37		

Notes:

Results in bold indicate an elevated reading

5.3 Discussion

For the reporting period, the annual rolling average TSP data at all sites was below the annual average criterion of 90 µg/m³.

6. Real Time Air Quality Monitoring

Continuous particulate matter less than 10 μ m (PM₁₀) and particulate matter less than 2.5 μ m (PM_{2.5}) monitoring was conducted by three Palas Fidas units (one utilised for management only) at MPO during June 2024.

The EPA identification numbers 1 and 2 refer to Palas Fidas units installed on Wybong Road (A-PF2) and Dorset Road (A-PF5), respectively. In addition, a third unit (A-PF4) is installed on Kayuga Road with data used for management purposes only.



Real time PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ 12-month rolling averages for June 2024 have been provided in Section 6.2 and 6.4 respectively, as an indication of performance during 2024 as per Schedule 3, Condition 20 of DA 92/97 and Schedule 2, Condition B28 of SSD 10418.

6.1 PM₁₀ Results – 24 Hour Rolling Average

In accordance with the DA 92/97 and SSD 10418 limit of 50 μ g/m3 for the 24-hour daily average, there were no elevated readings in June 2024. Real time PM₁₀ 24 hour daily average results for June 2024 are presented in **Table 6-1**.

Table 6-1: MPO Palas Fidas PM₁₀ Data – June 2024

	A-PF2 EPA ID 1	A-PF4	A-PF5 EPA ID 2	A-PF2, A- PF4, A-PF5
Date	24-ł	Result	24 Hour Average Limit (µg/m³)	
1/06/2024	9	11	7	25
2/06/2024	6	6	6	25
3/06/2024	7	7	6	25
4/06/2024	8	7	6	25
5/06/2024	14	16	11	25
6/06/2024	10	11	9	25
7/06/2024	8	9	7	25
8/06/2024	8	7	6	25
9/06/2024	8	8	7	25
10/06/2024	8	9	8	25
11/06/2024	8	8	7	25
12/06/2024	12	13	7	25
13/06/2024	11	15	12	25
14/06/2024	11	15	15	25
15/06/2024	8	14	11	25
16/06/2024	13	8	6	25
17/06/2024	7	7	6	25
18/06/2024	12	7	6	25
19/06/2024	8	9	6	25
20/06/2024	11	10	7	25
21/06/2024	14	10	6	25
22/06/2024	9	10	12	25
23/06/2024	11	21	17	25
24/06/2024	-	18	12	25
25/06/2024	-	18	13	25
26/06/2024	-	16	9	25
27/06/2024	14	10	8	25
28/06/2024	13	15	13	25
29/06/2024	14	13	9	25
30/06/2024	8	8	7	25

Notes:

Results in **bold** indicate elevated readings during adverse weather conditions.

Results with "- "indicate dates where data was affected by maintenance or servicing (scheduled and unscheduled)



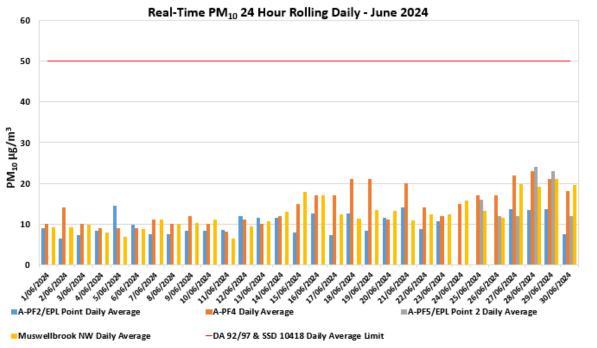


Figure 6-1 below shows the results of real-time PM₁₀ 24 hour daily average results at MPO air quality monitoring sites June 2024.

Figure 6-1: Real-time PM₁₀ 24 Daily Average Results for June 2024.

6.2 PM₁₀ Results – Annual Rolling Average

There was no exceedance of the PM_{10} annual rolling average reported at MPO during June 2024. Real time PM_{10} annual rolling averages during the reporting period are presented in **Figure 6-2** below.

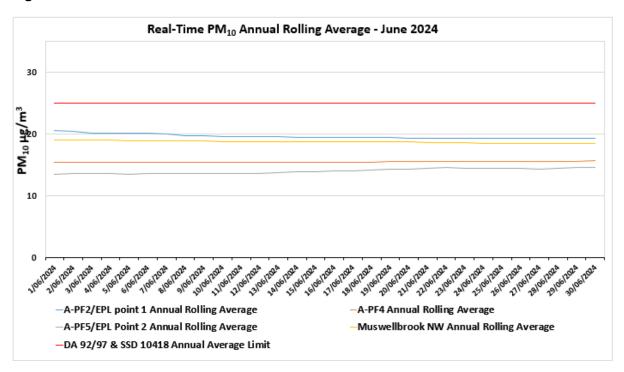




Figure 6-2: Real-time PM₁₀ Annual Rolling Average Results for June 2024.

6.3 PM_{2.5} Results – 24 Hour Daily Average

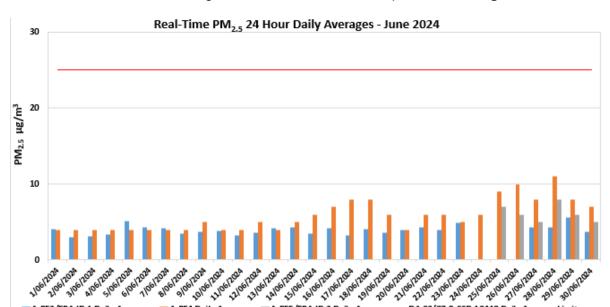
There was no exceedance of the $PM_{2.5}$ annual rolling average reported at MPO during June 2024. Real time $PM_{2.5}$ 24 hour rolling average results for June 2024 are presented in **Table 6-2**.

Table 6-2: MPO Palas Fidas PM_{2.5} Data - June 2024

2.	A-PF2/EPA ID 1	A-PF4	A-PF5/EPA ID 2	A-PF2, A- PF4, A-PF5
Date	24-h	24 Hour Average Limit (µg/m³)		
1/06/2024	4	5	3	25
2/06/2024	3	3	3	25
3/06/2024	3	3	3	25
4/06/2024	3	4	3	25
5/06/2024	5	6	4	25
6/06/2024	4	5	4	25
7/06/2024	4	5	3	25
8/06/2024	4	4	3	25
9/06/2024	4	4	3	25
10/06/2024	4	5	3	25
11/06/2024	3	4	3	25
12/06/2024	4	4	3	25
13/06/2024	4	6	4	25
14/06/2024	4	5	5	25
15/06/2024	4	5	4	25
16/06/2024	4	3	3	25
17/06/2024	3	4	3	25
18/06/2024	4	4	3	25
19/06/2024	4	4	3	25
20/06/2024	4	5	3	25
21/06/2024	4	4	3	25
22/06/2024	4	5	4	25
23/06/2024	5	9	5	25
24/06/2024	-	7	5	25
25/06/2024	-	7	4	25
26/06/2024	-	7	4	25
27/06/2024	4	4	3	25
28/06/2024	4	5	4	25
29/06/2024	6	6	4	25
30/06/2024	4	4	3	25

Results in **bold** indicate elevated readings during adverse weather conditions.

Results with "- "indicate dates where data was affected by maintenance or servicing (scheduled and unscheduled)



Real time PM_{2.5} 24-hour average results for June 2024 are presented in **Figure 6-3** below.

Figure 6-3: Real-time PM_{2.5} 24 hour Daily Average Results for June 2024.

■ A-PF2/EPA ID 1 Daily Average ■ A-PF4 Daily Average ■ A-PF5/EPA ID 2 Daily Average — DA 92/97 & SSD 10418 Daily Average Limit

21/06/

13/06/

PM_{2.5} Results - Annual Rolling Average 6.4

There was no exceedance of the PM_{2.5} annual rolling average reported at MPO during June 2024. Real time PM_{2.5} annual rolling averages during the reporting period are presented in Figure 6-4 below.

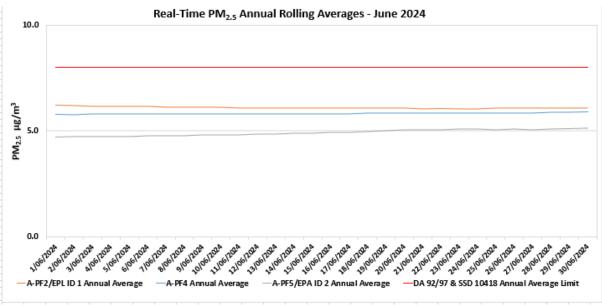


Figure 6-4: Real-time PM_{2.5} Annual Rolling Average Results for June 2024.



7. Surface Water Monitoring

7.1 Methodology

Surface water quality is monitored at 14 sites monthly, with additional monitoring conducted if triggered by a rain event. A more comprehensive suite of analysis is performed at these sites on a quarterly basis.

7.2 Assessment Criteria

Surface waters were assessed as per the <u>MPO Water Management Plan</u> (MACH Energy, 2022) in accordance with site specific trigger values that have been developed using the <u>ANZECC</u> (2000) guidelines for sites that contain a minimum of two years of monthly data. Sites with insufficient data are assessed on default trigger values adopted from ANZECC (2000) guidelines.

7.3 Results

Surface water monitoring was conducted by AECOM on 03 June 2024. Laboratory analysis was performed by ALS NATA accredited laboratory. Monthly monitoring results for pH, EC, TSS and Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) are presented in **Table 7-1**.

Table 7-1 - MPO Monthly Surface Water Monitoring Results - 03 June 2024

Station	рН	Electrical Conductivity (EC) (µs/cm) ¹	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) (mg/L)	Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)
W1	7.9	350	310 ^^	60
W2	۸	٨	٨	۸
W3	7.8	330	240 ^^	77
W4	7.5	510	360	34
W5	*	*	*	*
W6A	7.8	320	250 ^^	67
W9	7.5	180	140	24
W11	7.9	920	640	21
W12	7.9	850	670 ^^	74
W13	7.9	7000	5300 ^^	11
W14	*	*	*	*
W15	7.8	330	260 ^^	110
W16	8.0	2900	2200 ^^	22
W17	7.9	370	230	97

Note: Results in **bold** indicate exceedances of adopted assessment criteria.

^{*}Dry or insufficient water to sample.

[^] Unsafe access

^{^^} Review of the TDS:EC ratio suggests that fine Colloidal Particles in the sample source may have had an impact on the TDS results.

¹ Results have been rounded in accordance with the In-house method Q4AN(EV)-332-WI2 (EC).



During the 3 June monitoring event, two (2) sites were dry or contained insufficient water to sample. Two sites were above pH and EC trigger levels, and two sites were above TSS trigger levels. W13 to be investigated and W16 has been updated as a Watch and Act.

An investigation is triggered if elevated measurements occur for three consecutive sampling events in accordance MPO Water Management Plan (MACH Energy, 2022).

8. Groundwater Monitoring

Groundwater monitoring did not occur during this reporting period. The next quarterly monitoring event is scheduled for August 2024.

9. Noise Monitoring

Attended noise monitoring was undertaken during the night period of 24/25 June 2024 at eight (8) monitoring locations as per the <u>MPO Noise Management Plan</u> (MACH Energy, 2021) in accordance with DA 92/97, SSD 10418 and EPL 20850.

9.1 Results

The results for nighttime attended noise monitoring for noise generated by MPO in June 2024 against noise criteria is shown in **Table 9-1**; **Table 9-2**; and **Table 9-3**.

Table 9-1 - L_{A1,1min} Generated by MPO: Attended Night Monitoring - 24/25 June 2024

Location	Start Date and Time	MPO Only L _{A1,1min} dB ^{2.4}	Criterion dB	Wind Speed m/s	Criterion Applies ¹	Stability Class	Exceedance dB ³
N-AT1	25/06/2024 01:55	IA	45	0.3	Yes	F	No
N-AT2	24/06/2024 22:58	26	45	2.7	Yes	D	No
N-AT3	24/06/2024 23:38	IA	45	2.3	Yes	E	No
N-AT4	25/06/2024 00:07	36	45	0.9	Yes	F	No
N-AT5	25/06/2024 00:30	34	45	0.4	Yes	F	No
N-AT6	25/06/2024 01:29	IA	45	0.5	Yes	F	No
N-AT7	24/06/2024 22:14	IA	45	2.3	Yes	D	No
N-AT8	25/06/2024 00:58	50	NA ⁶	0.6	Yes	F	NA ⁶

Notes:

- As per Condition L2.3 of EPL 20850, noise emission limits do not apply during wind speeds greater than 3m/s at 10m above ground level, or stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2m/s at 10m above ground level, or stability category G temperature inversion conditions.
- Estimated or measured L_{A1,1minute} attributed to MPO.
- 3. NA in exceedance column means meteorological conditions outside those specified in Condition L2.3 of EPL 20850 and thus criterion is not applicable.
- 4. IA = inaudible; and
- Bold results indicate exceedance of criteria.
- 6. This is not a compliance monitoring location.



Table 9-2 - L_{Aeq,15min} Generated by MPO: Attended Night Monitoring - 24/25 June 2024

Location	Start Date and Time	MPO Only L _{A1,15min} dB ^{2.4}	Criterion dB	Wind Speed m/s	Criterion Applies ¹	Stability Class	Exceedance dB ³
N-AT1	25/06/2024 01:55	IA	37	0.3	Yes	F	No
N-AT2	24/06/2024 22:58	20	35	2.7	Yes	D	No
N-AT3	24/06/2024 23:38	IA	40	2.3	Yes	E	No
N-AT4	25/06/2024 00:07	29	38	0.9	Yes	F	No
N-AT5	25/06/2024 00:30	28	37	0.4	Yes	F	No
N-AT6	25/06/2024 01:29	IA	35	0.5	Yes	F	No
N-AT7	24/06/2024 22:14	IA	37	2.3	Yes	D	No
N-AT8	25/06/2024 00:58	41	NA ⁵	0.6	NA ⁵	F	NA ⁵

Notes:

- As per Condition L2.3 of EPL 20850, noise emission limits do not apply during wind speeds greater than 3m/s at 10m above ground level, or stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2m/s at 10m above ground level, or stability category G temperature inversion conditions.
- Estimated or measured L_{Aeq,15minute} attributed to MPO.
- 3. IA = inaudible; and
- 4. Bold results indicate exceedance of criteria.
- 5. This is mot a compliance monitoring location.

Table 9-3 - L_{Aeq, period} Cumulative Noise: Attended Night Monitoring - 24/25 June 2024

Location	Start Date and Time	Cumulative Noise Criterion LAeq dB	Measured Mining Only LAeq, period dB ^{1,2,3}	Exceedance dB
N-AT1	25/06/2024 01:55	40	IA	No
N-AT2	24/06/2024 22:58	40	20	No
N-AT3	24/06/2024 23:38	40	IA	No
N-AT4	25/06/2024 00:07	40	29	No
N-AT5	25/06/2024 00:30	40	28	No
N-AT6	25/06/2024 01:29	40	IA	No
N-AT7	24/06/2024 22:14	40	IA	No
N-AT8	25/06/2024 00:58	40	41	NA ⁴

Notes:

- These are the results for MPO and all other mining sources. 15-minute measurements have been assumed to apply across the entire night period as a conservative measure and to represent "worst case" results; and
- By definition, cumulative noise refers to two or more noise sources. If only one other source of mining is audible, or if MPO is inaudible, the measured cumulative noise defined here is 'Nii'.
- 3. NA in exceedance column means criterion was not applicable due to atmospheric conditions, or;
- 4. This is not a compliance monitoring location.



The purpose of the noise monitoring is to quantify and describe the existing acoustic environment around the mining operation and compare results with relevant limits as per the MPO Noise Management Plan (MACH Energy, 2021).

10. Blast Monitoring

There were 5 blast events during June (a total of 41 blasts YTD). Results for June 2024 are presented in **Table 10-1**. All blast results during this monitoring period were below the criteria stated in Schedule 3, Condition 10 of DA 92/97, Schedule 2; Condition B12 of SSD 10418; and L5 of EPL 20850.

Table 10-1 – MPO Blast Monitoring Results - June 2024

Day & Date Fired	Time Fired	BVOC Vibration (mm/s)	BVOC Overpressure (dBL)	BVO2 Vibration (mm/s)	BVO2 Overpressure (dBL)	Blast Fume Compliant
Thursday 06/06/2024	13:04	0.510	95.9	0.760	104.0	Y
Thursday 13/06/2024	14:51	1.440	90.2	0.610	103.1	Y
Thursday 20/06/2024	09:12	0.240	98.8	0.440	99.3	Y
Monday 24/06/2024	13:10	0.490	94.2	0.750	95.0	Υ
Wednesday 26/06/2024	13:09	0.390	107.2	0.300	104.0	Υ

END OF REPORT